

Percentage of clients, of all ages, receiving publicly funded home care services for at least 60 days, who had daily pain.

Alternate Name*

Home Care Clients with Pain

INDICATOR DESCRIPTION

Description*

This indicator measures the percentage of long-stay home care clients who complained or showed evidence of daily pain, among clients who received home care services for more than 60 days. A lower percentage is better.

HQO Reporting tool/product

Public reporting

Dimension*

Effective

Safe

Type*

Outcome

DEFINITION AND SOURCE INFORMATION

Unit of Measurement*

Percentage

Calculation Methods*

Numerator divided by the denominator times 100

Numerator (short description i.e. not inclusions/exclusions)*

The number of long-stay home care clients who complained or showed evidence of daily pain

Denominator (short description i.e. not inclusions/exclusions)*

The number of long-stay home care clients

Adjustment (risk, age/sex standardization)- generalized

Risk adjusted

Data Source

Home Care Reporting System (HCRS)

Data provided to HQO by

Canadian Institute for Health Information (CIHI)

Reported Levels of comparability /stratifications (defined)

Time

Region

OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Caveats and Limitations

1) The underlying denominator changes each year as the characteristics of the home care population change; therefore, careful interpretation of trends over time is required since any change may be the results of a combination of changes in the underlying population as well as the resource utilization of the clients being served and the performance of the service providers and LHINs. Risk adjustment may not be able to compensate for all of these changes. 2) Jurisdictions differ in their requirements for RAI-HC assessment frequency, in the process that the data go through for production, and in the regions assessed; therefore, comparison of Ontario results to other jurisdictions should only be made with limitations noted. 3) Only long-stay home care clients receive RAI-HC assessments and are included in the HCRS database (i.e., clients who require care for more than 60 days of continuous service). These long-stay clients represent approximately half of home care clients. The other half of clients are short-stay clients who require short-term service while they recover from injury or surgery.

Comments Summary

Data are based on information from mandatory Resident Assessment Instrument - Home Care (RAI-HC) assessments.

TAGS

TAGS*

Home Care

Outcome

Patient Safety and Never Events

Effective

Safe

Home Care Reporting System (HCRS)

PUBLISH

PUBLISH DATETIME*

20/11/2018 15:18:00