

Patient involvement in decisions about their care and treatment

Alternate Name*

Percentage of people aged 16 or older who report that their primary care provider always or often, involved them in decisions about their care.

INDICATOR DESCRIPTION

Description*

This indicator measures the percentage of people in Ontario aged 16 and older who reported that their primary care provider (i.e. a family doctor, a general practitioner or GP, or nurse practitioner) always or often involves them as much as they want in decisions about their care and treatment. A higher percentage is better.

HQO Reporting tool/product

Public reporting

Dimension*

Patient-centred

Type*

Process

DEFINITION AND SOURCE INFORMATION

Unit of Measurement*

Percentage

Calculation Methods*

Numerator divided by the denominator times 100

Numerator (short description i.e. not inclusions/exclusions)*

Weighted number of survey respondents who reported that their primary care provider always or often involves them as much as they want in decisions about their care and treatment.

Denominator (short description i.e. not inclusions/exclusions)*

Weighted number of respondents who reported having a primary care provider.

Adjustment (risk, age/sex standardization)- generalized

None

Data Source

Health Care Experience Survey (HCES)

Data provided to HQO by

Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (MOHLTC)

Reported Levels of comparability /stratifications (defined)

International comparison

Province

Immigration

Language

Age

Income

Education

Rurality

Region

Sex

OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Caveats and Limitations

Only people aged 16 years and older can complete the survey. People living in institutions, in households without telephones, and those with invalid/missing household addresses in the Registered Persons Database (RPDB) are excluded. Respondents who were unable to speak English or French or were not healthy enough (physically or mentally) to complete the interview were not surveyed.

Comments Summary

Weighted to reflect the design characteristics of the study and post-stratified by age and sex to reflect the Ontario population. In addition, the LHIN and community weighting is applied. References 'fill fd_type' in the questionnaire can mean a family doctor, GP, nurse practitioner, or anyone else the respondent said they get their primary care from. In Measuring up international and provincial comparisons are reported as well. The data source for international and provincial comparisons is Commonwealth Fund International Health Policy Survey of Adults. The survey questions is "When you need care or treatment, how often does your regular doctor or medical staff you see involve you as much as you want to be in decisions about your care and treatment?". The CMWF survey population is adults aged 18 and older. A similar indicator is included in the primary care QIP as well. The data source for it is local data collection. The question advised in the QIP guidance document is: When you see your doctor or nurse practitioner, how often do they or someone else in the office involve you as much as you want to be in decisions about your care and treatment? The education stratification analysis is done among those aged 25 and older. Urban/rural status is defined using Statistics Canada's Statistical Area Classification. Household income analysis does not consider the household composition.

TAGS

TAGS*

Primary Care

Process

Patient involvement in
decisions about their care
and treatment

<http://indicatorlibrary.hqontario.ca/Indicator/Summary/Patient-involvement-in-decisions-about-their-care/EN>

Patient Reported Measures

Patient-centred

Health Care Experience Survey (HCES)

PUBLISH

PUBLISH DATETIME*

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