

# Location of death

## Alternate Name\*

Percentage of people who died in Ontario reported by location of death

## INDICATOR DESCRIPTION

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### Description\*

This indicator measures the proportion of deaths in:

- Hospital (inpatient, ED, CCC, rehab, inpatient mental health)
- Long-term care
- Community (home, residential hospices, retirement homes and assisted living homes)

### HQO Reporting tool/product

Public reporting

### Dimension\*

Patient-centred

Effective

### Type\*

Outcome

## DEFINITION AND SOURCE INFORMATION

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### Unit of Measurement\*

Percentage

### Calculation Methods\*

Numerator divided by the denominator times 100

### Numerator (short description i.e. not inclusions/exclusions)\*

Number of people who died in each of the following settings:

- Hospital (inpatient, ED, CCC, rehab inpatient mental health)
- Long-term care home
- Community (home, residential hospices, retirement homes, assisted living homes, other)

### Denominator (short description i.e. not inclusions/exclusions)\*

Number of people who died in Ontario

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Location of death

### Adjustment (risk, age/sex standardization)- generalized

None

### Data Source

National Ambulatory Care Reporting System (NACRS)  
National Rehabilitation Reporting System (NRS)  
Ontario Mental Health Reporting System (OMHRS)  
Registered Persons Database (RPDB)  
Postal Code Conversion File Plus (PCCF+)  
Continuing Care Reporting System (CCRS)  
Discharge Abstract Database (DAD)

### Data provided to HQO by

Cancer Care Ontario (CCO)

### Reported Levels of comparability /stratifications (defined)

Time  
Age  
Income  
Rurality  
Region

## OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

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### Caveats and Limitations

The data show the location of the death, but not the location where care was received before death (i.e. the death may have occurred in the ED but in general the care may have been provided in LTC). - No information of the preferred place of death is provided.

### Comments Summary

If there are multiple death records with different death date in each of the above administrative database, the last (i.e. most recent) death record for each unique health card number was selected. •If one health card number appears in multiple care settings, the following hierarchy based on the care intensity were used to assign death setting: acute care, Emergency, CCC, Rehabilitation facilities, LTC homes. There should only be one record per health card number. This indicator aligns with the palliative care QS overarching and the OPCN system level indicators.

## TAGS

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### TAGS\*

Acute Care/Hospital  
Long Term Care

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Location of death

Primary Care

Outcome

End-of-life / Palliative

Patient-centred

Effective

National Ambulatory Care Reporting System (NACRS)

National Rehabilitation Reporting System (NRS)

Ontario Mental Health Reporting System (OMHRS)

Registered Persons Database (RPDB)

Postal Code Conversion File Plus (PCCF+)

Continuing Care Reporting System (CCRS)

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## **PUBLISH**

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### **PUBLISH DATETIME\***

20/11/2018 15:32:00